

EXHIBIT C

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6 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
7
8 FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
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10 ORACLE AMERICA, INC.,

11 Plaintiff,

No. C 10-03561 WHA

12 v.

13 GOOGLE INC.,

FINAL JUDGMENT

14 Defendant.
15 _____/

16 The pleadings in this action asserted the following: Oracle asserted infringement of
17 seven patents, U.S. Patent Nos. 6,125,447; 6,192,476; 5,966,702; 7,426,720; RE38,104;
18 6,910,205; and 6,061,520. Oracle further asserted infringement of its copyrights in the code,
19 documentation, specifications, libraries, and other materials that comprise the Java platform.
20 Oracle alleged that the infringed elements included Java method and class names, definitions,
21 organization, and parameters; the structure, organization and content of Java class libraries; and
22 the content and organization of Java's documentation. In turn, Google asserted declaratory
23 judgments of non-infringement and invalidity, and equitable defenses. Before trial, Oracle
24 dismissed with prejudice all claims for relief based on the '447, '476, '702, '720, and '205
25 patents. During trial, Google abandoned claims for relief for invalidity declarations as to the
26 '104 and '520 patents.
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1 Based upon the verdicts by the jury and orders entered by the Court, it is now
2 **ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED** that:

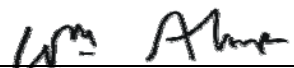
3 With respect to Oracle's claim for relief and Google's counterclaim for declaratory
4 judgment of non-infringement for the '520 and '104 patents, judgment is entered for Google
5 and against Oracle. With respect to Google's counterclaims for declaratory judgment of
6 invalidity for the '520 and '104 patents, judgment is entered for Oracle and against Google,
7 such counterclaims having been abandoned during trial. With respect to the five remaining
8 patents, claims for relief by Oracle were completely dismissed with prejudice by Oracle (and
9 may not be resurrected except as indicated in the orders of May 3, 2011, and March 2, 2012,
10 with respect to new products). In this regard, it is the intent of this judgment and order that
11 general principles of merger of claims into the judgment and res judicata shall be applicable.

12 With respect to Oracle's claim for relief for copyright infringement, judgment is entered
13 in favor of Google and against Oracle except as follows: the rangeCheck code in TimSort.java
14 and ComparableTimSort.java, and the eight decompiled files (seven "Impl.java" files and one
15 "ACL" file), as to which judgment for Oracle and against Google is entered in the amount of
16 zero dollars (as per the parties' stipulation).

17 With respect to Google's equitable defenses, judgment is entered for Oracle and against
18 Google as to waiver and implied license. As to equitable estoppel and laches, no ruling need be
19 made due to mootness.

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21 **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

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23 Dated: June 20, 2012.

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25 WILLIAM ALSUP
26 UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
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